Chapter 1 Economics (The Story of Village Palampur)

- 1. Which is the main activity in Palampur village?
- 2. "Production activities need various types of resources". Mention few resources.
- 3. What are the two main features of location of Palampur?

Or

How can you say that Palampur is a well- developed village?

4. Explain the position of farming in Palampur.

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How is land distributed among the families of Palampur?

- 5. Every village in India is surveyed once in 10 years during the Census and some of details are presented in the following format. Fill up the following based on information on Palampur.
- Ans- a. Location-.
 - b. Total area of the village-
 - c. Land use (in hectares)

| Cultivated Land | | Land not available for cultivation |
|-----------------|-------------|------------------------------------|
| Irrigated | Unirrigated | |
| | - | |

d. Facilities

| Educational | |
|--------------------|--|
| Medical | |
| Market | |
| Electricity Supply | |
| Communication | |
| Nearest Town | |

- 6. Define production.
- 7. What is the aim of production?
- 8. What are the factors of production?

Or

Which are the requirements for production of goods and services?

9. What is the status of land area under cultivation in Palampur?

Or

What is the basic contrast about land?

- 10. What is the standard unit of measuring land. Mention few local units of measuring land.
- 11. What are the different ways of increasing production on the same piece of land? Use examples to explain.
- 12. Define yield.
- 13. Is it important to increase the area under irrigation? Why?
- 14. Why are the wages for farm labourers in Palampur less than minimum wages?
- 15. Name any three states which have benefited from green revolution.
- 16. How much production increase in the village Palampur after the Green Revolution?

17. What is Green Revolution?

18. What are the advantages of Green Revolution?

Or

What are the merits of Green Revolution?

Or

How did Green Revolution help Indian farmers?

19. What are the problems associated with Green Revolution?

Or

"Scientific reports indicate that the modern farming methods have overused the natural resources." Explain.

Or

What are the limitations of Green Revolution?

Or

What are the drawbacks of Green Revolution in Indian agriculture?

- 20. How are traditional seeds different from HYV seeds?
- 21. How chemical fertilizers are harmful to our environment?
- 22. How did the spread of electricity help farmers in Palampur?
- 23. How do the medium and large farmers obtain capital for farming? How is it different from the small farmers?
- 24. On what terms did Savita get a loan from Tejpal Singh? Would Savita's condition be different if she could get a loan from the bank at a low rate of interest?
- 25. Modern farming methods require more inputs which are manufactured in industry. Do you agree?
- 26. What are the non-farm production activities taking place in your region? Make a short list.
- 27. What can be done so that more non-farm production activities can be started in village?
- 28. What is the difference between traditional methods of farming and modern methods of farming?
- 29. What are the working capital required by farmers using modern farming methods?
- 30. In your region, talk to two labourers. Choose either farm labourers or labourers working at construction sites. What wages do they get? Are they paid in cash or kind? Do they get work regularly? Are they in debt?
- 31. What is the value of using modern farming methods for higher yield?

Class IX (Geography) Chapter 1: India – Size and Location

- Q1. How many states are there in India and what are their capitals?
- Q2. How many union territories are there in India and what are their capitals?
- Q3. Name your state and also its neighbouring states.
- Q4. Name the island groups of India and in which water bodies they located.
- Q5. Name the following:
- Q6. What are the seven sisters of India?
- Q7. Name the neighbouring countries of India.
- Q8. Name the states through which Tropic of Cancer passes.
- Q9. What are the seven continents and their hemispheres?
- Q10. What are the five oceans of the World?
- Q11. Name the states through which Indian Standard Meridian passes.
- Q12. In which hemisphere does India lie? If we stood our earth vertically, in which direction India lies?
- Q13. Define Tropic of Cancer. What are its implications (effects) on our country?
- Q14. Define Standard Meridian of India. What are its implications (effects) on our country?
- Q15. Name the following.
- Q16. How can you identify/ locate India on Globe?

OR

Explain the locational setting of India.

- Q17. What do you know about the size of India?
- Q18. Name the countries larger than India.
- Q19. Despite the latitudinal and longitudinal extent of our country is about 30°. Still the east-west extent appears to be smaller than the north south extent. Explain.
- Q20. What is the difference between local time and standard time?
- Q21. Why 82°30'E has been chosen/taken as a Standard Meridian of India?
- Q22. Why is the difference between the durations of day and night hardly felt at Kannyakumari but not so in Kashmir?
- Q23. The Central location of India at the head of the Indian Ocean is considered of great significance. Why?
- Q24. Write 3 lines on Suez Canal.
- Q25. Give a detailed account of India's contacts with the outside world.

OR

"India is connected with outside world since the ages." Explain.

- Q26. Where is Maldives situated?
- Q27. How were states divided before 1947?
- Q28. What do you understand by the term subcontinent? Why India is regarded as subcontinent?
- Q29. The sun rises two hours earlier in Arunachal Pradesh as compared to Gujarat in the west but watches show the same time. How does this happen?

Class-9 Civics

Ch-2 What is democracy? Why Democracy?

- Q1. Why do we need a clear definition of democracy?
- Q2. What is definition of democracy given by Abraham Lincoln?
- Q3. Explain the meaning of democracy according to Greeks.
- Q4. Define democracy.

Or

Give the simplest meaning of democracy.

- Q.5. Why Myanmar is not a democratic country?
- Q6. Why Nepal and Saudi Arabia are not democratic countries
- Q7. What was the legal framework order of 2002 in Pakistan?
- Q8. Why Pakistan under general musharraf should not be called as democracy?
- Q9. What happened in Pakistan in year 1999?

Or

What are the steps taken by musharraf in Pakistan to empower himself?

Q10. Why china cannot be a democratic country?

Or

In china elections are held after every 5 years. In spite of this, china does not have democratic government. Explain why?

- Q11. When did Mexico became independent? What is its tenure of elections? Name the major political party of Mexico.
- Q12. How PRI wins elections every year?

OR

Which dirty tricks are used by PRI in order to win elections in Mexico?

OR

Mexico is a non democratic country. Support your answers by giving reasons

Q13. Give three examples of denial of equal rights to vote.

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Mention the name of few countries in which the principle if one person, one vote, one value is not follow?

- Q14. How can you say every govt. that holds and is not a democracy? Give an example to prove it.
- Q15. When did Zimbabwe become independent??Name the political party of Zimbabwe. Also mention the name of its president.
- Q16. Elections are regularly held and always won by Zanu-PF in Zimbabwe. How?

 O_1

Explain with the example of Zimbabwe. How the popular approval of rules is necessary I a democracy.

Or

Popular government can be undemocratic substantiate.

Or

President Mugabe is popular but uses unfair practices in elections. How?

Q17. State any four features of democracy.

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What kind of government is formed a democracy?

Q18. Explain the arguments against democracy.

Or

Mention the general critic of democracy by various scholars.

Or

What are demerits of democracy?

Or

How can you say that "Democracy is not a magical solution for all problems"?

Q19. Write the arguments for democracy.

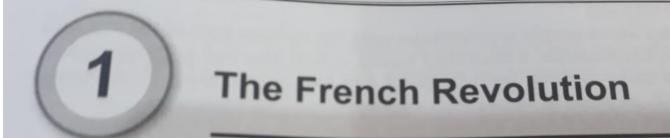
 O_1

Why democracy is considered as the best form of government?

 O_1

What are the merits of democracy?

- Q20. Why democracy is considered as more accountable form of government?
- Q21. How democracy improves the quality of decision making?
- Q22. Democracy provides a method to deal with differences and conflicts substantiate.
- Q23. Give three arguments/ effects of democracy on the equality of government and social life?
- Q24. How democracy enhances the dignity of citizens?
- Q25. How democracy helps to correct our mistakes?
- Q26. What do you understand by representative democracy? Why it is important?



based on a social contract between the people and

= EXERCISE 1.1 =

I. Very Short Answer Type Questions

(1 Mark)

- 1. Who was the king at the time of Revolution took place in France in 1789? [CBSE 2016]
- 2. Which king ascended the throne in France in 1774? To which dynasty did he belong?
- 3. When was the Bastille Prison stormed? Why was it attacked?
- 4. Who formed the First and Second Estates of French Society?
- 5. How did American War of Independence add more debt to France?
- 6. Why did the French government increase the taxes?
- 7. What is meant by 'subsistence crisis'?
- 8. In the 18th century France, which social group emerged as 'middle class'?

(1 Mark)

1. Describe the meeting of Estates General called by Louis XVI attended by three Estates.

2. When was National A.

2. When was National Assembly recognised and how?

3. Which proposal of the Third Estate was rejected by Estates General?

4. Who all got the right to vote for National Assembly? Who declared themselves as National Assembly?

5. What do you know about Mirabeau?

6. When was the draft of the National Assembly's Constitution completed? Describe its main objective in brief.

7. Which sections of French Society were forced to give up their power after the French [CBSE 2014] Revolution?

II. Short Answer Type Questions

(3 Marks)

8. Name the categories which constituted the French society. [CBSE 2014]

9. Who were entitled to vote in France as per Constitution of 1791, formed by the National Assembly? State any three rights given to the people by this constitution. [CBSE 2014]

10. What was the 'Declaration of Rights of Man and Citizen according to the French Constitution of 1791?

11. Mention the immediate cause of French Revolution. Which class of society in France was

III. Long Answer Type Question

12. Describe the circumstances leading to the outbreak of revolutionary protes

EXERCISE 1.3 =

I. Very Short Answer Type Questions

(1 Mark)

- 1. Against whom the Robespierre followed the policy of 'reign of terror' of severe control and punishment?
- 2. How was Robespierre punished?
- 3. What is Treason? When was Louis XVI beheaded, and why?
- 4. Who were 'Sans-Culottes'?
- 5. To whom the new Constitution denied the vote?
- 6. Which new Assembly was established by Jacobins?
- 7. Which period in France was referred to the Reign of Terror?
- 8. How did Napoleon Bonaparte become ruler?

II. Short Answer Type Questions 9. Who was Napolean Bonaparte? What reforms did he introduce in France? (3 Marks) 10. Why was 'Directory' removed from France? 11. What was the Declaration of Rights of Man and Citizen according to the French Constitution 12. How was guillotine used? 13. Write about the political clubs formed in France. III. Long Answer Type Questions [HOTS] 14. What was Marseillaise? Describe the formation of Marseillaise. (5 Marks) 15. Describe the main feature of the Jacobin Club in France during the French Revolution. [CBSE 2014] [CBSE 2014] What was Jacobin Club? Who were its members? How did Jacobins contribute to carry the OR French Revolution further? 16. Which section of society did belong to the Jacobin Club? What measures had been taken by Robespierre to remove discrimination in French society? [CBSE 2012] What were the salient features of Robespierre government? 17. Describe any five efforts made by Maximilian Robespierre to bring equality in French [CBSE 2011] OR Who was Robespierre? Describe any four steps taken by him to bring equality? 18. What role did the philosophers play in the French Revolution? [CBSE 2012]

EXERCISE 1.4 =

(1 Mark)

I. Very Short Answer Type Questions

- 1. What was the status of education among women during French Revolution?
- 2. How did the women in France raise their voice for their interests?
- 3. What is a famous political club formed by women in France? 4. When did French women got the political right to vote in France?
- 5. Who wrote the Declaration of the Rights of Women and Citizen and when?

II. Short Answer Type Questions

(3 Marks)

(HOTS)

- 6. What was the 'Estates General'?
- 7. How was the National Assembly recognised and how did it start exercising its powers?
- 8. Describe the role of Mirabeau in the formation of the National Assembly?
- 9. How did women suffer in France?

OR

How did the women suffer in France during the Old Regime?

- 10. Which laws were made to improve the status of women in the French society?
- 11. How did peasants protest against the nobles of France?
- 12. Which natural rights were provided by the French Constitution?

III. Long Answer Type Questions

13. Describe the condition of women during the period of the French Revolution. [CBSE 2012]

was many apolished in French colonies in 1848. = Exercise 1.5 =I. Very Short Answer Type Questions (1 Mark) 1. Between which three continents triangular was slave trade carried on? 2. Name the French ports though which slave trade was done. 3. What was the meaning of freedom for plantation owners? 4. The National Assembly did not pass any law regarding exploitation of slave labour. 5. When was slavery finally abolished in France? (3 Marks) II. Short Answer Type Question 6. Describe the condition of slave trade in the 17th Century. 7. Explain triangular slave trade. What steps were taken to end slavery in French (HOTS) III. Long Answer Type Question Answers = Exercise 1.6 = I. Very Short Answer Type Questions (1 Mark) 1. Who crowned himself as ruler of France? 2. What did people believe in the beginning about Napoleon? 3. How did the colonised people make the sovereign nation state? 4. What was the most significant legacy of the French Revolution? 5. Name the two Indian individuals who responded to the ideas coming from revolutionary France. (3 Marks) II. Short Answer Type Questions (NCERT) 6. How would you explain the rise of Nepoleon? 7. Which was the important law that came into effect soon after the storming of the Bastille in the summer of 1789? How did it change the lives of the common people? Explain. [CBSE 2012] 8. Explain the significance of the French Revolution in the history of France. [CBSE 2012] (5 Marks) III. Long Answer Type Questions 9. Describe the role of Napoleon Bonaparte in the history of France. (HOTS) 10. Describe the legacy of the French Revolution for the people of the world during the 19th and (NCERT) 20th centuries. OR What is the legacy of the French Revolution? Name two Indian leaders, who responded to [CBSE 2014] the ideas of this revolution.

Explain the legacy of the 'French Revolution' to the world society.

[CBSE 2012]

I. Very Short Answer Type Questions

(1 Mark)

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II. Short Answer Type Questions

(3 Marks)

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(NCERT)

7. Which was the important law that came into effect soon after the storming of the Bastille in the summer of 1789? How did it change the lives of the common people? Explain.

[CBSE 2012]

8. Explain the significance of the French Revolution in the history of France. [CBSE 2012]

III. Long Answer Type Questions

(5 Marks)

9. Describe the role of Napoleon Bonaparte in the history of France.

(HOTS)

10. Describe the legacy of the French Revolution for the people of the world during the 19th and 20th centuries.

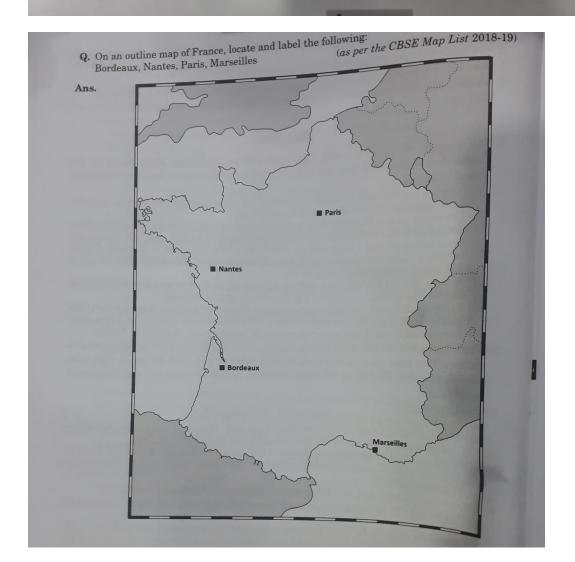
OR

What is the legacy of the French Revolution? Name two Indian leaders, who responded to the ideas of this revolution. [CBSE 2014]

OR

Explain the legacy of the 'French Revolution' to the world society.

[CBSE 2012]



ASSIGNMENT

L. Very Short Answer Type Questions (1 Mark)

- 1. Name the emperor of France at the time of French Revolution.
- 2. French society in the 18th century was divided into three estates. Name them.
- 3. What led to a rapid increase in the demand for foodgrains in 1789?
- 4. Who were the members of the Jacobin Club?

II. Short Answer Type Questions (3 Marks)

- 5. What happened after the fall of Robespierre's government?
- 6. Which period is referred to the Reign of Terror in the hisotry of France? Give reasons
- 7. Describe the importance of the 'Tennis Court Swearing' in the French Revolution.
- 8. How did women suffer in France?

III. Long Answer Type Questions (5 Marks)

- 9. Describe the legacy of the French Revolution for the people of the world during the 19th and 20th centuries.
- 10. Discuss the role of the French philosophers in the French Revolution.
- 11. What were the salient features of Robespierrie's government?
- 12. How was slavery finally abolished in France?